The Seventh Council of Carthage under Cyprian. 4673

565

Concerning the Baptism of Heretics. The Judgment of Eighty-Seven Bishops on the Baptism of Heretics.

Proæmium.—When Stephen, Bishop of Rome, Had by His Letters Condemned the Decrees of the African Council on the Baptism of Heretics, Cyprian Lost No Time in Holding Another Council at Carthage with a Greater Number of Bishops. Having Therefore Summoned Eighty-Seven Bishops from Africa, Numidia, and Mauritania, Who Assembled at Carthage in the Kalends of September, a.d. 258, This Third Council on the Same Matter of Baptism Was Then Celebrated; At the Beginning of Which, After the Letters on Either Side Had Been Read, Cyprian, by Implication, Condemns the Assumption of Stephen.

When, in the kalends of September, a great many bishops from the provinces of Africa, Numidia, and Mauritania, had met together at Carthage, together with the presbyters and deacons, and a considerable part of the congregation who were also present; and when the letter of Jubaianus written to Cyprian had been read, as also the reply of Cyprian to Jubaianus, about baptizing heretics, and what the same Jubaianus had subsequently rejoined to Cyprian,—Cyprian said: You have heard, my dearly beloved colleagues, what Jubaianus our cobishop has written to me, taking counsel of my poor intelligence concerning the unlawful and profane baptism of heretics, as well as what I wrote in answer to him, decreeing, to wit, what we have once and again and frequently determined, that heretics who come to the Church must be baptized and sanctified by the baptism of the Church. Moreover, another letter of Jubaianus has also been read to you, wherein, replying, in accordance with his sincere and religious devotion, to my letter, he not only acquiesced in what I had said, but, confessing that he had been instructed thereby, he returned thanks for it. It remains, that upon this same matter each of us should bring forward what we think, judging no man, nor rejecting any one from the right of communion, if he should think differently from us. For neither

^{4673 [}On councils, see Oxford trans., pp. 232, 240.]

⁴⁶⁷⁴ Of this council there exists no further memorials than such as have been here collected from Cyprian, and from St. Augustine, *De Baptismo contra Donatistas*, book iii. ch. iv., v., and vi., and book vii. ch. i.; and in these nothing else is contained than the judgments of the eighty-seven bishops on the nullity of baptism administered by heretics. If any one desires to see these judgments impugned, let him consult Augustine as above. The results of this council are given in Ep. lxxi. p. 378, *supra*.

does any of us set himself up as a bishop of bishops, ⁴⁶⁷⁵ nor by tyrannical terror does any compel his colleague to the necessity of obedience; since every bishop, according to the allowance of his liberty and power, has his own proper right of judgment, and can no more be judged by another than he himself can judge another. ⁴⁶⁷⁶ But let us all wait for the judgment of our Lord Jesus Christ, who is the only one that has the power both of preferring us in the government of His Church, and of judging us in our conduct there.

Cæcilius of Bilta⁴⁶⁷⁷ said: I know only one baptism in the Church, and none out of the Church. This one will be here, where there is the true hope and the certain faith. For thus it is written: "One faith, one hope, one baptism;" not among heretics, where there is no hope, and the faith is false, where all things are carried on by lying; where a demoniac exorcises; where one whose mouth and words send forth a cancer puts the sacramental interrogation; the faithless gives faith; the wicked bestows pardon of sins; and Antichrist baptizes in the name of Christ; he who is cursed of God blesses; he who is dead promises life; he who is unpeaceful gives peace; the blasphemer calls upon God; the profane person administers the office of the priesthood; the sacrilegious person establishes an altar. In addition to all these things, there is also this evil, that the priests of the devil dare to celebrate the Eucharist; or else let those who stand by them say that all these things concerning heretics are false. Behold to what kind of things the Church is compelled to consent, and is constrained without baptism, without pardon of sins, to hold communion. And this thing, brethren, we ought to flee from and avoid, and to separate ourselves from so great a wickedness, and to hold one baptism, which is granted by the Lord to the Church alone.

Primus of Misgirpa⁴⁶⁸² said: I decide, that every man who comes to us from heresy must be baptized. For in vain does he think that he has been baptized there, seeing that there is no baptism save the one and true baptism in the Church; because not only is God one, but the faith is one, and the Church is one, wherein stands the one baptism, and holiness, and the rest. For whatever is done without, has no effect of salvation.

⁴⁶⁷⁵ Of course this implies a rebuke to the assumption of Stephen, ["their brother," and forcibly contrasts the spirit of Cyprian with that of his intolerant compeer].

^{4676 [}This, then is the primitive idea of the relations existing, mutually, among bishops as brethren.]

⁴⁶⁷⁷ Scil. of Mauritania; possibly, says the Oxford translator, Bidil, Bita, or "urbs Abitensis."

⁴⁶⁷⁸ Eph. iv. 5.

⁴⁶⁷⁹ According to some editions, "the sacrilegious man," etc.

^{4680 &}quot;Sacramentum interrogat."

⁴⁶⁸¹ By the despotism of Stephen.

⁴⁶⁸² A city of Zeugitana. Augustine calls this bishop Felix, and speaks of him as the *first* of that name who spoke.—*Fell*.

Polycarp from Adrumetum⁴⁶⁸³ said: They who approve the baptism of heretics make void our baptism.

Novatus of Thamugada ⁴⁶⁸⁴ said: Although we know that all the Scriptures give witness concerning the saving baptism, still we ought to declare our faith, that heretics and schismatics who come to the Church, and appear to have been falsely baptized, ought to be baptized in the everlasting fountain; and therefore, according to the testimony of the Scriptures, and according to the decree of our colleagues, men of most holy memory, that all schismatics and heretics who are converted to the Church must be baptized; and moreover, that those who appeared to have been ordained must be received among lay people.

Nemesianus of Thubunæ⁴⁶⁸⁵ said: That the baptism which heretics and schismatics bestow is not the true one, is everywhere declared in the Holy Scriptures, since their very leading men are false Christs and false prophets, as the Lord says by Solomon: "He who trusteth in that which is false, he feedeth the winds; and the very same, moreover, followeth the flight of birds. For he forsaketh the ways of his own vineyard, he has wandered from the paths of his own little field. But he walketh through pathless places, and dry, and a land destined for thirst; moreover, he gathereth together fruitless things in his hands." 4686 And again: "Abstain from strange water, and from the fountain of another do not drink, that you may live a long time; also that the years of life may be added to thee." 4687 And in the Gospel our Lord Jesus Christ spoke with His divine voice, saying, "Except a man be born again of water and the Spirit, he cannot enter the kingdom of God." This is the Spirit which from the beginning was borne over the waters; for neither can the Spirit operate without the water, nor the water without the Spirit. Certain people therefore interpret for themselves ill, when they say that by imposition of the hand they receive the Holy Ghost, and are thus received, when it is manifest that they ought to be born again in the Catholic Church by both sacraments. Then indeed they will be able to be sons of God, as says the apostle: "Taking care to keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace. There is one body, and one Spirit, as ye have been called in one hope of your calling; one Lord, one faith, one baptism, one God."4689 All these things speaks the Catholic Church. 4690 And again, in the

This is the Polycarp referred to in Ep. xliv. p. 322, *supra*. Adrumetum was a colony on the coast, about eighty-five miles from Carthage.

⁴⁶⁸⁴ In Numidia.

⁴⁶⁸⁵ In Mauritania Cæsariensis.

⁴⁶⁸⁶ Prov. ix. 12, LXX.

⁴⁶⁸⁷ Prov. ix. 19.

⁴⁶⁸⁸ John iii. 5.

⁴⁶⁸⁹ Eph. iv. 3-6.

^{4690 [}He has no idea that this voice proceeds from any one bishop.]

Gospel the Lord says: "That which is born of the flesh is flesh, and that which is born of the Spirit is spirit; because God is a Spirit, and he is born of God." Therefore, whatsoever things all heretics and schismatics do are carnal, as the apostle says: "For the works of the flesh are manifest, which are, fornications, uncleannesses, incest, idolatries, witchcrafts, hatreds, contentions, jealousy, anger, divisions, heresies, and the like to these; concerning which have told you before, as I also foretell you now, that whoever do such things shall not inherit the kingdom of God." And thus the apostle condemns, with all the wicked, those also who cause division, that is, schismatics and heretics. Unless therefore they receive saving baptism in the Catholic Church, which is one, they cannot be saved, but will be condemned with the carnal in the judgment of the Lord Christ.

Januarius of Lambesis⁴⁶⁹³ said: According to the authority⁴⁶⁹⁴ of the Holy Scriptures, I decree that all heretics must be baptized, and so admitted into the holy Church.

Lucius of Castra Galbæ⁴⁶⁹⁵ said: Since the Lord in His Gospel said, "Ye are the salt of the earth: but if the salt should have lost its savour, wherewith shall it be salted? It is thenceforth good for nothing, but to be cast out of doors, and to be trodden under foot of men." And again, after His resurrection, sending His apostles, He gave them charge, saying, "All power is given unto me, in heaven and in earth. Go and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost." Since, therefore, it is manifest that heretics—that is, the enemies of Christ—have not the sound confession of the sacrament; moreover, that schismatics cannot season others with spiritual wisdom, since they themselves, by departing from the Church, which is one, having lost the savour, have become contrary to it,—let it be done as it is written, "The house of those that are contrary to the law owes a cleansing." And it is a consequence that those who, having been baptized by people who are contrary to the Church, are polluted, must first be cleansed, and then at length be baptized.

Crescens of Cirta⁴⁶⁹⁹ said: In such an assembly of most holy fellow-priests, as the letters of our most beloved Cyprian to Jubaianus and also to Stephen have been read, containing in them so much of the holy testimonies which descend from the divinely made Scriptures,

⁴⁶⁹¹ John iii. 6. 4692 Gal. v. 19-21. 4693 In Numidia. 4694 [This appeal to Scripture against Stephen must be noted, whatever we may think of his conclusions.] 4695 Or Gilba. 4696 Matt. v. 13. 4697 Matt. xxviii. 18, 19. Prov. xiv. 9, LXX. 4699 Cirta Julia in Numidia.

that with reason we ought, all being made one by the grace of God, to consent to them; I judge that all heretics and schismatics who wish to come to the Catholic Church, shall not be allowed to enter without they have first been exorcised and baptized; with the exception of those indeed who may previously have been baptized in the Catholic Church, and these in such a way that they may be reconciled to the penitence of the Church by the imposition of hands.

Nicomedes of Segermæ⁴⁷⁰⁰ said: My opinion is this, that heretics coming to the Church should be baptized, for the reason that among sinners without they can obtain no remission of sins.

Munnulus⁴⁷⁰¹ of Girba⁴⁷⁰² said: The truth of our Mother⁴⁷⁰³ the Catholic Church, brethren, hath always remained and still remains with us, and even especially in the Trinity of baptism, as our Lord says, "Go ye and baptize the nations, in the name of the Father, of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit." Since, then, we manifestly know that heretics have not either Father, or Son, or Holy Spirit, they ought, when they come to the Church our Mother, truly to be born again and to be baptized; that the cancer which they had, and the anger of damnation, and the witchery of error, may be sanctified by the holy and heavenly laver.

Secundinus of Cedias⁴⁷⁰⁵ said: Since our Lord Christ says, "He who is not with me is against me;"⁴⁷⁰⁶ and John the apostle calls those who depart from the Church Antichrists—undoubtedly enemies of Christ—any such as are called Antichrists cannot minister the grace of saving baptism. And therefore I think that those who flee from the snares of the heretics to the Church must be baptized by us, who are called friends of God, of His condescension.

Felix of Bagai⁴⁷⁰⁷ said: As, when the blind leads the blind, they fall together into the ditch; so, when the heretic baptizes a heretic, they fall together into death. And therefore a heretic must be baptized and made alive, lest we who are alive should hold communion with the dead.

Polianus of Mileum⁴⁷⁰⁸ said: It is right that a heretic be baptized in the holy Church.

⁴⁷⁰⁰ In Numidia.

⁴⁷⁰¹ Ep. liii. p. 336, *supra*. Munnulus is mentioned as one of the bishops who write with Cyprian to Cornelius. He is there called "Monulus."

⁴⁷⁰² Gerra.

^{4703 [}Testimony to the meaning of the Holy Catholic Church in the Nicene Creed.]

⁴⁷⁰⁴ Matt. xxviii. 19.

⁴⁷⁰⁵ Perhaps Quidias in Mauritania Cæsariensis.

⁴⁷⁰⁶ Matt. xii. 30.

⁴⁷⁰⁷ In Numidia. Here was held the Donatist "Concilium Bagaiense" of 310 bishops (Oxford ed.).

⁴⁷⁰⁸ In Numidia.

Theogenes of Hippo Regius⁴⁷⁰⁹ said: According to the sacrament of God's heavenly grace which we have received, we believe one baptism which is in the holy Church.

Dativus of Badis⁴⁷¹⁰ said: We, as far as in us lies, do not hold communion with heretics, unless they have been baptized in the Church, and have received remission of their sins.

Successus of Abbir Germaniciana⁴⁷¹¹ said: Heretics can either do nothing, or they can do all. If they can baptize, they can also bestow the Holy Spirit. But if they cannot give the Holy Spirit, because they have not the Holy Spirit, neither can they spiritually baptize. Therefore we judge that heretics must be baptized.

Fortunatus of Tuccaboris⁴⁷¹² said: Jesus Christ our Lord and God, Son of God the Father and Creator, built His Church upon a rock,⁴⁷¹³ not upon heresy; and gave the power of baptizing to bishops, not to heretics. Wherefore they who are without the Church, and, standing in opposition to Christ, disperse His sheep and flock, cannot baptize, being without.

Sedatus of Tuburbo⁴⁷¹⁴ said: In the degree in which water sanctified in the Church by the prayer of the priest, washes away sins; in that degree, if infected with heretical discourse as with a cancer, it heaps up sins. Wherefore we must endeavour with all peaceful powers, that no one infected and stained with heretical error refuse to receive the single and true baptism of the Church, by which whosoever is not baptized, shall become an alien from the kingdom of heaven. Privatianus of Sufetula⁴⁷¹⁵ said: Let him who says that heretics have the power of baptizing, say first who founded heresy. For if heresy is of God, it also may have the divine indulgence. But if it is not from God, how can it either have the grace of God, or confer it upon any one?

Privatus of Sufes⁴⁷¹⁶ said: He who approves the baptism of heretics, what else does he do than communicate with heretics?

Hortensianus of Lares 4717 said: Let either these presumptuous ones, 4718 or those who favour heretics, consider how many baptisms there are. We claim for the Church one baptism,



The See of St. Augustine in Numidia, 218 miles from Carthage, and 160 miles from Hippo Diarrhytus.

See p. 571, infra.

⁴⁷¹⁰ Badea, or Badel, in Numidia.

⁴⁷¹¹ In Zeugitana.

⁴⁷¹² Tucca-terebinthina in Zeugitana.

^{4713 [}Evidently he never suspects that Stephen is the rock.]

⁴⁷¹⁴ Thuburbo, or Thuburbis, in Zeugitana.

⁴⁷¹⁵ A city of Numidia Byzacenæ.

⁴⁷¹⁶ In Byzacena.

⁴⁷¹⁷ A city of Numidia Ptolemais.

^{4718 [}Stephen and those who accept his ideas.]

which we know not except in the Church. Or how can they baptize any one in the name of Christ, whom Christ Himself declares to be His adversaries?

Cassius of Macomadæ⁴⁷¹⁹ said: Since there cannot be two baptisms, he who yields baptism to the heretics takes it away from himself. I judge therefore that heretics, lamentable and corrupt, must be baptized when they begin to come to the Church; and that when washed by the sacred and divine washing, and illuminated by the light of life, they may be received into the Church, not as enemies, but as made peaceful; not as foreigners, but as of the household of the faith of the Lord; not as children of adultery, but as sons of God; not of error, but of salvation; except those who once faithful have been supplanted, and have passed over from the Church to the darkness of heresy, but that these must be restored by the imposition of hands.

Another Januarius of Vicus Cæsaris⁴⁷²⁰ said: If error does not obey truth, much more truth does not consent to error; and therefore we stand by the Church in which we preside, that, claiming her baptism for herself alone, we should baptize those whom the Church has not baptized.

Another Secundinus of Carpi⁴⁷²¹ said: Are heretics Christians or not? If they are Christians, why are they not in the Church of God? If they are not Christians, how come they to make Christians? Or whither will tend the Lord's discourse, when He says, "He that is not with me is against me, and he who gathereth not with me scattereth?" Whence it appears plain that upon strange children, and on the offspring of Antichrist, the Holy Ghost cannot descend only by imposition of hands, since it is manifest that heretics have not baptism.

Victoricus of Thabraca⁴⁷²³ said: If heretics are allowed to baptize and to give remission of sins, wherefore do we brand them with infamy and call them heretics?

Another Felix of Uthina⁴⁷²⁴ said: Nobody doubts, most holy fellow-priests, that human presumption is not able to do so much as the adorable and venerable majesty of our Lord Jesus Christ. Therefore, remembering the danger, we ought not only to observe this also, but moreover to confirm it by the voice of all of us, that all heretics who come to the bosom of Mother Church should be baptized, that thus the heretical mind that has been polluted by a long decay, purged by the sanctification of the laver, may be reformed for the better.

⁴⁷¹⁹ Or Macodama in Numidia.

⁴⁷²⁰ Perhaps Nova Cæsaris in Numidia.

⁴⁷²¹ In Zeugitana, on the borders of Tunis.

⁴⁷²² Matt. xii. 30.

⁴⁷²³ A colony variously called Tabraca or Tabathra.

⁴⁷²⁴ Οὔθινα in Zeugitana.

Quietus of Baruch⁴⁷²⁵ said: We who live by faith ought to obey with careful observance those things which before have been foretold for our instruction. For it is written in Solomon: "He that is baptized from the dead, (and again toucheth the dead, ⁴⁷²⁶) what availeth his washing?" which certainly speaks of those who are washed by heretics, and of those that wash them. For if those who are baptized among them obtain by remission of their sins life eternal, why do they come to the Church? But if from a dead person no salvation is received, and therefore, acknowledging their previous error, they return to the truth with penitence, they ought to be sanctified with the one vital baptism which is in the Catholic Church.

Castus of Sicca⁴⁷²⁸ said: He who with contempt of the truth presumes to follow custom, is either envious and malignant in respect of his brethren to whom the truth is revealed, or is ungrateful in respect of God, by whose inspiration His Church is instructed.

Euchratius of Thenæ⁴⁷²⁹ said: God and our Lord Jesus Christ, teaching the apostles with His own mouth, has entirely completed our faith, and the grace of baptism, and the rule of the ecclesiastical law, saying: "Go ye and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost."⁴⁷³⁰ Thus the false and wicked baptism of heretics must be rejected by us, and refuted with all detestation, from whose mouth is expressed poison, not life, not celestial grace, but blasphemy of the Trinity. ⁴⁷³¹ And therefore it is manifest that heretics who come to the Church ought to be baptized with the sound and Catholic baptism, in order that, being purified from the blasphemy of their presumption, they may be reformed by the grace of the Holy Spirit.

Libosus of Vaga⁴⁷³² said: In the Gospel the Lord says, "I am the truth." He said not, "I am the custom." Therefore the truth being manifest, let custom yield to truth; so that, although for the past any one was not in the habit of baptizing heretics in the Church, let him now begin to baptize them. 4734



⁴⁷²⁵ Or Buruch, probably Bourka in Numidia.

⁴⁷²⁶ This clause is omitted in the larger number of editions.

⁴⁷²⁷ Ecclus. xxxiv. 25.

⁴⁷²⁸ Sicca Veneria, a city of Zeugitana.

⁴⁷²⁹ A city of Byzacena.

⁴⁷³⁰ Matt. xxviii. 18.

[&]quot;Let the reader observe here, as elsewhere, that the word 'Trinity' is simply used for the persons of the Godhead" (Oxford edit.).

⁴⁷³² A city of Numidia.

⁴⁷³³ John xiv. 6

^{4734 [}Here is a concession that at least the *local* custom could be pleaded by Stephen.]

Lucius of Thebeste⁴⁷³⁵ said: I determine that blasphemous and unrighteous heretics, who with various words tear asunder the holy and adorable words of the Scriptures, are to be accursed, and therefore that they must be exorcised and baptized.

Eugenius of Ammedera⁴⁷³⁶ said: And I determine the same—that heretics must be baptized.

Also another Felix of Amaccora 4737 said: And I myself, following the authority of the divine Scriptures, 4738 judge that heretics must be baptized; and, moreover, those also who contend that they have been baptized among the schismatics. For if, according to Christ's warning, our font is private to us, let all the adversaries of our Church understand that it cannot be for another. Nor can He who is the Shepherd of the one flock give the saving water to two peoples. And therefore it is plain that neither heretics nor schismatics can receive anything heavenly, seeing that they dare to receive from men who are sinners, and from those who are external to the Church. When there is no place for the giver, assuredly there is no profit for the receiver.

Also another Januarius of Muzzuli⁴⁷³⁹ said: I am surprised, since all confess that there is one baptism, that all do not perceive the unity of the same baptism. For the Church and heresy are two things, and different things. If heretics have baptism, we have it not; but if we have it, heretics cannot have it. But there is no doubt that the Church alone possesses the baptism of Christ, since she alone possesses both the grace and the truth of Christ.

Adelphius of Thasvalte⁴⁷⁴⁰ said: Certain persons without reason impugn the truth by false and envious words, in saying that we rebaptize, when the Church does not rebaptize heretics, but baptizes them.

Demetrius of Leptiminus⁴⁷⁴¹ said: We maintain one baptism, because we demand for the Church Catholic alone her own property. But they who say that heretics truly and legitimately baptize, are themselves the people who make not one, but many baptisms. For since heresies are many, according to their number will be reckoned baptisms.

Vincentius of Thibaris⁴⁷⁴² said: We know that heretics are worse than Gentiles. If, therefore, being converted, they should wish to come to the Lord, we have assuredly the

⁴⁷³⁵ A city of Numidia.

⁴⁷³⁶ A city of Numidia.

^{4737 &}quot;Damatcore," or "Vamaccore," in Numidia.

^{4738 [}Here we may think as we choose as to this conclusion, but the appeal to Holy Scripture proves that this is the only infallible authority.]

⁴⁷³⁹ Mazula in Numidia.

⁴⁷⁴⁰ A city of Byzacena.

⁴⁷⁴¹ Λέπτις μικρά—a city of Byzacena.

⁴⁷⁴² Tabora, a city of Mauritania Cæsariensis.

rule of truth which the Lord by His divine precept commanded to His apostles, saying, "Go ye, lay on hands in my name, expel demons." And in another place: "Go ye and teach the nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost." Therefore first of all by imposition of hands in exorcism, secondly by the regeneration of baptism, they may then come to the promise of Christ. Otherwise I think it ought not to be done.

Marcus of Mactaris⁴⁷⁴⁵ said: It is not to be wondered at if heretics, enemies, and impugners of the truth claim to themselves a matter in the power and condescension of others. But it is to be wondered at, that some of us, prevaricators of the truth, support heretics and oppose themselves to Christians. Therefore we decree that heretics must be baptized.

Sattius of Sicilibba⁴⁷⁴⁶ said: If to heretics in baptism their sins are remitted, they come to the Church without reason. For since, in the day of judgment, they are sins which are punished, there is nothing which the heretics can fear from Christ's judgment, if they have already obtained remission of their sins.

Victor of Gor^{4747} said: Since sins are not remitted 4748 save in the baptism of the Church, he who admits a heretic to communion without baptism does two things against reason: he does not cleanse the heretics, and he befouls the Christians.

Aurelius of Utica⁴⁷⁴⁹ said: Since the apostle says that we are not to communicate with other people's sins, what else does he do but communicate with other people's sins, who holds communion with heretics without the Church's baptism? And therefore I judge that heretics must be baptized, that they may receive forgiveness of their sins; and thus communion may be had with them.

Iambus of Germaniciana ⁴⁷⁵⁰ said: They who approve of the baptism of heretics, disapprove of ours, in denying that they who are, I will not say washed, but befouled, outside the Church, ought to be baptized in the Church.

Lucianus of Rucuma⁴⁷⁵¹ said: It is written, "And God saw the light, that it was good, and divided between the light and the darkness." ⁴⁷⁵² If there can be agreement between



⁴⁷⁴³ Apparently in reference to Mark xvi. 17, 18.

⁴⁷⁴⁴ Matt. xxviii. 19.

⁴⁷⁴⁵ A city of Byzacena.

⁴⁷⁴⁶ A city of Zeugitana—"Sicilibra," thirty-four miles from Carthage.

⁴⁷⁴⁷ Probably "Garra," a city of Mauritania Cæsariensis, or "Garriana," a city of Byzacena.

^{4748 [}Referring to Acts xxii. 16 and John xx. 23.]

⁴⁷⁴⁹ A city of Zeugitana, famous as being the place of Cato's death, now called Byzerta.

⁴⁷⁵⁰ *Scil.* "urbs," a city of Byzacena. The epithet refers to its being a place frequented by the veterans of German cohort, and distinguishes it from "Abbiritana."

⁴⁷⁵¹ A city of Zeugitana.

⁴⁷⁵² Gen. i. 4.

light and darkness, there may be something in common between us and heretics. Therefore I determine that heretics must be baptized.

Pelagianus of Luperciana⁴⁷⁵³ said: It is written, "Either the Lord is God, or Baal is God."⁴⁷⁵⁴ Therefore in the present case also, either the Church is the Church, or heresy is the Church. On the other hand, if heresy is not the Church, how can the Church's baptism be among heretics?

Jader of Midila⁴⁷⁵⁵ said: We know that there is but one baptism in the Catholic Church, and therefore we ought not to receive a heretic unless he has been baptized among us; lest he should think that he has been baptized out of the Catholic Church.

Also another Felix of Marazana⁴⁷⁵⁶ said: There is one faith, one baptism, but of the Catholic Church, which alone has the right to baptize.

Paulus of Obba⁴⁷⁵⁷ said: It does not disturb me if any man does not assert the faith and truth of the Church, since the apostle says, "For what if some of them have fallen away from the faith? Has their unbelief made the faith of God of no effect? By no means. For God is true, but every man a liar." But if God is true, how can the truth of baptism be among the heretics, among whom God is not?

Pomponius of Dionysiana⁴⁷⁵⁹ said: It is evident that heretics cannot baptize and give remission of sins, seeing that they have not power to be able to loose or to bind anything on earth.

Venantius of Timisa⁴⁷⁶⁰ said: If a husband, going into foreign parts, had commended his wife to the guardianship of his friend, that friend would take care of her who was commended to him with all possible diligence, that her chastity and holiness should not be corrupted by any one. Christ the Lord and our God, going to His Father, has commended to us His bride. Shall we guard her incorrupt and inviolate, or shall we betray her integrity and chastity to adulterers and corrupters? For he who makes the Church's baptism common to heretics, betrays the spouse of Christ to adulterers.

Ahymnus of Ausvaga⁴⁷⁶¹ said: We have received one baptism, and that same we maintain and practise. But he who says that heretics also may lawfully baptize, makes two baptisms.

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4753 Possibly "Lubertina."4754 1 Kings xviii. 21.
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⁴⁷⁵⁵ A city of Numidia.

⁴⁷⁵⁶ A city of Byzacena.

⁴⁷⁵⁷ Otherwise "Bobba," a city of Mauritania.

⁴⁷⁵⁸ Rom. iii. 3, 4.

⁴⁷⁵⁹ A city of Byzacena.

⁴⁷⁶⁰ A city of Zeugitana.

⁴⁷⁶¹ This seems to be "Ausana" or "Ausagga."

Saturninus of Victoriana ⁴⁷⁶² said: If heretics may baptize, they who do unlawful things are excused and defended; nor do I see why either Christ should have called them adversaries, or the apostle should have called them Antichrists.

Saturninus⁴⁷⁶³ of Thucca⁴⁷⁶⁴ said: The Gentiles, although they worship idols, do yet know and confess a supreme God⁴⁷⁶⁵ as Father and Creator. Against Him Marcion blasphemes, and some persons do not blush to approve the baptism of Marcion. How do such priests either observe or vindicate God's priesthood, who do not baptize God's enemies, and hold communion with them as they are!

Marcellus of Zama 4766 said: Since sins are not remitted 4767 save in the baptism of the Church, he who does not baptize a heretic holds communion with a sinner.

Irenæus of Ululi⁴⁷⁶⁸ said: If the Church does not baptize a heretic, for the reason that he is said to be already baptized, it is the greater heresy.

Donatus of Cibaliana ⁴⁷⁶⁹ said: I know one Church and her one baptism. If there is any who says that the grace of baptism is with heretics, he must first show and prove that the Church is among them.

Zosimus of Tharassa⁴⁷⁷⁰ said: When a revelation of the truth is made, let error give place to truth; because Peter also, who previously circumcised, yielded to Paul when he preached the truth.⁴⁷⁷¹

Julianus of Telepte⁴⁷⁷² said: It is written, "No man can receive anything unless it have been given him from heaven." If heresy is from heaven, it can also give baptism.

Faustus of Timida Regia⁴⁷⁷⁴ said: Let not them who are in favour of heretics flatter themselves. He who interferes with the baptism of the Church on behalf of heretics, makes them Christians, and us heretics.

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4762 A city of Byzacena.
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⁴⁷⁶³ The Oxford reads "Another Saturninus."

⁴⁷⁶⁴ A city of Numidia.

⁴⁷⁶⁵ Manifestly, says the Oxford editor, this expression refers to "Jupiter the father of gods and men."

⁴⁷⁶⁶ A city of Numidia; the scene of Hannibal's overthrow by Scorpio.

^{4767 [}The Nicene Creed is emphatic in the article based on this idea; and it proves that the primitive discipline of penitence was not in those days a "sacrament of absolution," to which all were compelled to submit. Private confessions seem to have been unknown.]

^{4768 &}quot;Usilla," a city of Byzacena.

⁴⁷⁶⁹ Possibly "Cerbaliana" in Byzacena.

⁴⁷⁷⁰ A city of Numidia.

^{4771 [}The bearings of this simple statement upon the later claims of Stephen's See must not be overlooked.]

⁴⁷⁷² A city of Numidia Byzacenæ.

⁴⁷⁷³ John iii. 27.

⁴⁷⁷⁴ A city of Zeugitana; some read "Tumida."

Geminius of Furni⁴⁷⁷⁵ said: Some of our colleagues may prefer heretics to themselves, they cannot to us: and therefore what we have once determined we maintain—that we baptize those who come to us from the heretics.

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Rogatianus of Nova⁴⁷⁷⁶ said: Christ instituted the Church; the devil, heresy. How can the synagogue of Satan have the baptism of Christ?

Therapius of Bulla⁴⁷⁷⁷ said: He who concedes and betrays the Church's baptism to heretics, what else has he been to the spouse of Christ than a Judas?

Also another Lucius of Membresa⁴⁷⁷⁸ said: It is written, "God heareth not a sinner."⁴⁷⁷⁹ How can a heretic who is a sinner be heard in baptism?

Also another Felix of Bussacene 4780 said: In the matter of receiving heretics without the baptism of the Church, let no one prefer custom to reason and truth, because reason and truth always exclude custom. 4781

Another Saturninus of Avitini⁴⁷⁸² said: If Antichrist can give to any one the grace of Christ, heretics also are able to baptize, for they are called antichrists.

Quintus of Aggya:⁴⁷⁸³ He can give something who has something. But what can heretics give, who, it is plain, have nothing?

Another Julianus of Marcelliana ⁴⁷⁸⁴ said: If a man can serve two masters, God and mammon, baptism also can serve two masters, the Christian and the heretic.

Tenax of Horrea Cæliæ⁴⁷⁸⁵ said: Baptism is one, but it is the Church's. Where the Church is not there, there can be no baptism.

⁴⁷⁷⁵ A city of Zeugitana.

⁴⁷⁷⁶ A city of Mauritania Cæsariensis. Fell observes that in Numidia are many cities of the name of "Nova" or "Noba."

⁴⁷⁷⁷ A city of Zeugitana. There were two cities of the name—Βουλλαρία, or Bulla Regia, and Βουλλαμίνσα, or Bulla Minor. The latter is probably referred to.

⁴⁷⁷⁸ Otherwise "Memosita," a city of Zeugitana. It is also written "Membrosa."

⁴⁷⁷⁹ John ix. 31.

⁴⁷⁸⁰ Probably "Byzacene."

^{4781 [}Custom, then, was elsewhere established: and it ultimately prevailed; whether against truth or not, need not here be discussed.]

⁴⁷⁸² This is supposed to be "Autenti," a city of Byzacene.

⁴⁷⁸³ Supposed to be Aggiva.

⁴⁷⁸⁴ Mention of the Bishop of Marcelliana is found in *Notitia Episcopatus Africæ*.

⁴⁷⁸⁵ A village belonging to Byzacene, seventy-five miles from Carthage.

Another Victor of Assuri⁴⁷⁸⁶ said: It is written, that "God is one, and Christ is one, and the Church is one, and baptism is one." How, therefore, can any one be baptized there, where God, and Christ, and the one Church is not?

Donatulus of Capse⁴⁷⁸⁸ said: And I also have always thought this, that heretics, who can obtain nothing without the Church, when they are converted to the Church, must be baptized.

Verulus⁴⁷⁸⁹ of Rusiccada⁴⁷⁹⁰ said: A man who is a heretic cannot give what he has not; much more a schismatic, who has lost what he once had.

Pudentianus of Cuiculis⁴⁷⁹¹ said: The novelty of my episcopal office,⁴⁷⁹² beloved brethren, has caused me to await what my elders should judge. For it is manifest that heresies have nothing, nor can have any thing. And thus, if any one comes from them, it is most justly decreed that they must be baptized.

Peter of Hippo Diarrhytus⁴⁷⁹³ said: Since there is one baptism in the Catholic Church, it is manifest that one cannot be baptized outside the Church. And therefore I judge that those who have been dipped in heresy or in schism, when they come to the Church, should be baptized.

Also another Lucius of Ausafa⁴⁷⁹⁴ said: According to the direction of my mind, and of the Holy Spirit, as there is one God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, and one Christ, and one hope, and one Spirit, and one Church, there ought also to be one baptism. And therefore I say, that if any thing had been set on foot or accomplished by heretics, it ought to be rescinded, and that those who come thence must be baptized in the Church.

Also another Felix of Gurgites⁴⁷⁹⁵ said: I judge that, according to the precepts of the holy Scriptures, he who is unlawfully baptized by heretics outside the Church, when he

⁴⁷⁸⁶ A city of Zeugitana.

⁴⁷⁸⁷ Eph. iv. 5.

⁴⁷⁸⁸ A city of Byzacene.

⁴⁷⁸⁹ Called in some editions "a martyr from the schismatics."

⁴⁷⁹⁰ A city of Numidia.

⁴⁷⁹¹ A city of Numidia.

^{4792 [}Noteworthy examples of episcopal modesty. In the colleges of bishops, however, it is now usual to call upon juniors first, that, if they should think differently from older brethren, their free opinion need not be restrained by deference.]

⁴⁷⁹³ A city of Zeugitana, called Diarrhytus because of the number of the streams that water it. The name is otherwise read "Hippo Diarrhytorum."

⁴⁷⁹⁴ A city of Zeugitana, sometimes written "Assapha."

⁴⁷⁹⁵ A city of Byzacene.

wishes to take refuge in the Church, should obtain the grace of baptism where it is lawfully given.

Pusillus of Lamasba⁴⁷⁹⁶ said: I believe that there is no saving baptism except in the Catholic Church. Whatsoever is apart from the Catholic Church is a pretence.

Salvianus of Gazaufala⁴⁷⁹⁷ said: It is certain that heretics have nothing, and therefore they come to us that they may receive what they have not.

Honoratus of Thucca⁴⁷⁹⁸ said: Since Christ is the Truth, we ought rather to follow truth than custom; so that we should sanctify heretics with the Church's baptism, seeing that they come to us for the reason that they could receive nothing without.

Victor of Octavum⁴⁷⁹⁹ said: As yourselves also know, I have not long been appointed a bishop, and I therefore waited for the decision⁴⁸⁰⁰ of my predecessors. I therefore think this, that as many as come from heresy should undoubtedly be baptized.

Clarus of Mascula⁴⁸⁰¹ said: The sentence of our Lord Jesus Christ is plain, when He sent His apostles, and accorded to them alone the power given to Him by His Father; and to them we have succeeded, governing the Lord's Church with the same power, ⁴⁸⁰² and baptizing the faith of believers. And therefore heretics, who neither have power without, nor have the Church of Christ, are able to baptize no one with His baptism.

Secundianus of Thambei⁴⁸⁰³ said: We ought not to deceive heretics by our presumption; so that they who have not been baptized in the Church of our Lord Jesus Christ, and have not obtained by this means remissions of their sins, when the day of judgment shall come, should impute to us that through us they were not baptized, and did not obtain the indulgence of divine grace. On which account, since there is one Church and one baptism, when they are converted to us they should obtain, together with the Church, the Church's baptism also.

Also another Aurelius of Chullabi 4804 said: John the apostle laid it down in his epistle, saying: "If any one come unto you, and have not the doctrine of Christ, receive him not into



^{4796 &}quot;Lambesa," a city of Numidia.

⁴⁷⁹⁷ A city of Numidia, otherwise Γαυσάφνα (Ptol.) and Γαζόφυλα (Procop.)

⁴⁷⁹⁸ There are four cities in Africa of this name.

⁴⁷⁹⁹ A city of Numidia, otherwise called "Octabum."

^{4800 [}Noteworthy examples of episcopal modesty. In the colleges of bishops, however, it is now usual to call upon juniors first, that, if they should think differently from older brethren, their free opinion need not be restrained by deference.]

⁴⁸⁰¹ A city of Numidia.

^{4802 [}This is Cyprian's theory of the origin of the episcopate. Elucidation *infra*.]

⁴⁸⁰³ A city of Byzacena.

⁴⁸⁰⁴ This is otherwise called "Cululi," a city of Byzacena.

your house, and say not to him, Hail. For he that saith to him, Hail, partakes with his evil deeds."⁴⁸⁰⁵ How can such be rashly admitted into God's house, who are prohibited from being admitted into our private dwelling? Or how can we hold communion with them without the Church's baptism, to whom, if we should only say Hail, we are partakers of their evil deeds?

Litteus⁴⁸⁰⁶ of Gemelli⁴⁸⁰⁷ said: If the blind lead the blind, both fall into the ditch. Since, then, it is manifest that heretics cannot give light to any, as being themselves blind, their baptism does not avail.

Natalis of Oëa⁴⁸⁰⁸ said: As well I who am present, as Pompey⁴⁸⁰⁹ of Sabrata,⁴⁸¹⁰ as also Dioga of Leptis Magna⁴⁸¹¹—who, absent indeed in body, but present in spirit, have given me charge—judge the same as our colleagues, that heretics cannot hold communion with us, unless they shall be baptized with ecclesiastical baptism.

Junius of Neapolis⁴⁸¹² said: From the judgment which we once determined on I do not recede, that we should baptize heretics who come to the Church.

Cyprian of Carthage said: The letter which was written to our colleague Jubaianus very fully expresses my opinion, that, according to evangelical and apostolic testimony, heretics, who are called adversaries of Christ and Antichrists, when they come to the Church, must be baptized with the one baptism of the Church, that they may be made of adversaries, friends, and of Antichrists, Christians. 4813

^{4805 2} John 10, 11.

⁴⁸⁰⁶ This Litteus is mentioned in Ep. lxxvi. p. 402, *supra*.

⁴⁸⁰⁷ A city of Numidia. A Roman colony was planted there under the Emperor Hadrian.

⁴⁸⁰⁸ A city of Tripolis.

⁴⁸⁰⁹ Probably the same to whom Ep. lxxiii. (p. 386, *supra*) was written.

⁴⁸¹⁰ A city of Tripolis.

⁴⁸¹¹ A city of Tripolis, thus distinguished from Leptis parva.

⁴⁸¹² A city of Tripolis.

^{4813 [}Here Cyprian sums up, and gives the sentence of the council, after the example of St. James, who presided in the Council of Jerusalem, Acts xv. 13, 19.]